Printing on the Mathnet

Quick Reference Guide UCLA Math Series P-3 Version 2.4 of September 25, 1998

Here are some tips on effectively using Printing Facilities on the UCLA Mathematics Computer Network (Mathnet).

Printer locations and names

UCLA Mathnet Printing Facilities

The main printing facilities are "aclps", a HP 5Si Mx laser printer in the Applied Computing Lab (MS 6187) and "gclps", a HP 4Si Mx laser printer in the Graduate Computing Lab (MS 3347). Both have duplexing units installed for double-sided output. There are other smaller printers in various labs and offices. Some are publicly accessible, some are restricted.

At present, publicly available laser printers are:

Printer Name	Location	Properties
aclps	MS 6187	duplex-capable
gclps	MS 3387	duplex-capable
crps	MS 6364- C	for faculty and staff
soniaps	MS 6121	for faculty

You may obtain the combinations for the locks on MS6187 and MS3347 by sending a message to 'request' or by dropping by the Math Computing Group office (MS 6117).

Printing - UNIX environment

Users are encouraged to use the preview facility xdvi (or ghostview if your document contains postscript figures) before printing the final output of TeX documents, as paper and ink are expensive.

Printing Text Files

lpr is the main printing program for printing text files (or so-called ASCII files) such as email messages. It works on all standard Unix systems. The only thing you need to learn to use this program is how to direct your output to the desired printers. You can specify the printer name by using -Pprintername option; for example

lpr -Paclps filename

will send output to aclps.

Enscript

For printing large text files, you can conserve paper (and get a much prettier output) with the following procedure:

enscript -2 -P printername filename

Printing TeX documents

DVI files are the output of the TeX family of typesetting programs. To print one on any laser printer, use

dvips -Pprintername document

(assuming you ran off document.tex) If you don't specify the printername, then it will be printed on aclps unless the PRINTER environment variable is set to some other printer (see "PRINTER environment variable" below). If you need to print only part of the document, then, for example, to select pages 5 through 10 in your DVI file called paper.dvi, type dvips -Pprintername -p 5 -1 10 paper.dvi

Controlling Your Print Jobs

You can use lpq -Pprintername to check the status of a specified printer. You can use lprm -Pprintername - to remove your jobs from a specified printer queue if they are not printed yet.

Duplex printing

aclps and gclps can print on both sides of the paper. This is called 'duplexing'. If you type lp -d aclps -o duplex filename.ps then your output will be printed on both sides of the paper. If you are using dvips to print a tex document, do dvips -Pacl2ps filename.dvi for 2-sided output. When you print this way, your paper quota is charged at 0.7 * (number of pages in the document).

Paper Quota

All graduate students and department guests are assigned a fixed amount of paper quota each quarter for printing on laserprinters. You can use the command "paper" to find out your paper usage and allocation.

PRINTER environment variable

If you have a personal printer in your office, or if you always use one printer and don't want to be bothered with specifying a printer destination every time you print, you can set up an environment variable in your .cshrc with

setenv PRINTER printername

and all your printouts will go to that printer unless otherwise specified with the -Pprintername option. It sets up the "default" printer for you instead of the system "default" printer.

Not all packages support this feature, though, and you might have to still specify the printer name from within the package you use. Programs such as dvips and enscript do recognize this environment variable.

Printing from within application programs

Various mathematical packages such as matlab, mathematica, maple etc. have different ways of printing graphic output on a laserprinter. Please consult the relevant handouts carefully before you print from within the package, or else ask a consultant

If you don't specify the destination of your graphic output, it will in most cases be routed to the aclps printer in MS6187, which is our default PostScript printer.

Printing troff output

It is suggested that users avoid troff in preference to TeX; however, some programs, specifically vgrind, produce troff output. To print it, use ptroff like this (example for Fortran):

 $\begin{array}{ll} {\rm vgrind\ -f\ -lf\ program.f\ |\ ptroff} \\ {\rm -P} printername \end{array}$